

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. In a decoder used for error detection of a codeword, a method for evaluating a single error location polynomial coefficient generated from said  
5 codeword in a cell corresponding to said single error location polynomial coefficient, said method comprising the acts of:

receiving an error location polynomial coefficient corresponding to said codeword;

10 multiplying said error location polynomial coefficient, on a first clock cycle corresponding to the processing of said codeword, by a Galois field multiplier having a negative exponent, wherein said negative exponent is a function of a stage number (j) corresponding to said cell and the length of said codeword (N), said act of multiplying resulting in a cell output; and

15 iteratively multiplying said cell output, for a subsequent N minus one clock cycles, by a Galois field multiplier having a positive exponent, wherein said positive exponent is a function of said stage number (j).

2. The method of claim 1 in which said cell is a Chien search cell of a Chien search block.

20 3. The method of claim 1 in which said cell is a Forney algorithm cell of a Forney algorithm block.

25 4. The method of claim 1 in which said cell is a Forney algorithm cell of a Chien/Forney block.

5. The method of claim 1 in which said decoder is a Reed-Solomon decoder.

30 6. In a decoder used for error detection of a codeword, a method for evaluating a single error location polynomial coefficient generated from said codeword in a cell corresponding to said single error location polynomial

coefficient, the operations of said method controlled by the parameters of the equations:

$$x_i = \sum_{j=0}^t A_j \alpha^{-j(N-1)} \quad \text{for } i = 0$$

$$x_i = \sum_{j=0}^t A_j \alpha^j \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots, (N-1)$$

5 in which,

$X_i$  is the  $i$ -th error location root,

$t$  is one less than the total number of coefficients corresponding to an error location polynomial,

$A_j$  is the  $j$ -th error polynomial coefficient,

10  $N$  is the codeword length,

$\alpha$  is a Galois field element, and

$j$  is a stage number corresponding to said single error location polynomial coefficient

15 7. An apparatus for evaluating a single error location polynomial coefficient generated from a codeword in a cell corresponding to said single error location polynomial coefficient, said apparatus incorporated within a decoder used for error detection of said codeword, said apparatus comprising:

20 means for receiving an error location polynomial coefficient corresponding to said codeword;

means for multiplying said error location polynomial coefficient, on a first clock cycle corresponding to the processing of said codeword, by a Galois field multiplier having a negative exponent, wherein said negative exponent is a function of a stage number ( $j$ ) corresponding to said cell and the length of said codeword ( $N$ ), said act of multiplying resulting in a cell output; and

25 means for iteratively multiplying said cell output, for a subsequent  $N$  minus one clock cycles, by a Galois field multiplier having a positive exponent, wherein said positive exponent is a function of said stage number ( $j$ ).

8. The apparatus of claim 7 in which said cell is a Chien search cell of a Chien search block.

9. The apparatus of claim 7 in which said cell is a Forney algorithm cell of  
5 a Forney algorithm block.

10. The apparatus of claim 7 in which said cell is a Forney algorithm cell of a Chien/Forney block.

10            11. The apparatus of claim 7 in which said decoder is a Reed-Solomon  
decoder.